

# **Biblioteca Digital**

### **Development prospects and challenges for Brazil**

João Carlos Ferraz

http://www.bndes.gov.br/bibliotecadigital





# **Development prospects and challenges for Brazil**

### **III Brazil Infrastructure Investments Forum**



October 2012



João Carlos Ferraz Vice President

## Setting the scene: the Brazilian past



- ↑ Almost 25 years of investment growing below to GDP rate....
  - ↑ 12 years of total uncertainty and volatility
  - ↑ 12 years of price stability and institutional reconstruction
  - → Since 2005 investments moving ahead of GDP

Short economic horizon, unstable rules, low confidence, no investment, no infrastructure



# The heritage: sand on the wheel or where is the wheel?



- → Hardships of extending the economic horizon:
  - Steady consolidation of democracy and slow "upconstruction" of institutions
  - State capabilities very weakened (but in some islands of competence)
  - Slow unwinding of business sector
  - → Basic financial capacity to support long term investments. But, with "BNDES dependence"

Are the Chinese from outer space?

Or, just keep growth steadily for 30 years and...

# Setting the scene: lights and shadows in the world economy



- → Increasing diversity and a crisis of long duration
- → Economic inclusion of many, new poles of dynamism but advanced economies will be there...
- → Fierce competition in all markets
- ♠ Extremely rapid rhythm of technical change and increasing investments in innovation by countries and corporations
- → Climate change as a source of concern and opportunities.
- → State activism but "a role model" does not exist.

A scenario of slow (hopefully undisturbed) growth: the best we can wish for....

# Brazil: an emerging model on the way?



- Consolidated democracy and strengthening of institutions
- Solid fundamentals and economic stability



Expanding internal market: social and economic inclusion



- Advantages in much valued goods (food and energy)
- Upcoming: wide and attractive investment frontier



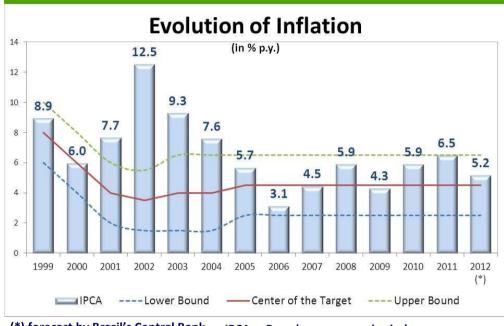
- The model: "Modicidade tarifária"
- The action: PAC and ... the return of the Phoenix
- Financing: strengthening of BNDES and an emerging interest of private industry



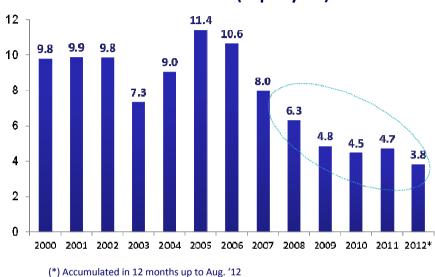
Currently, a rare and most interesting consensus: investment (infrastructure) must lead the way to sustained growth

### **Economic stability**



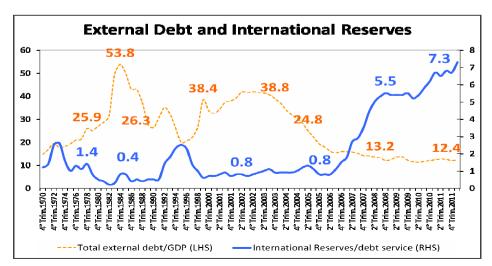


Real interest rates (% per year)

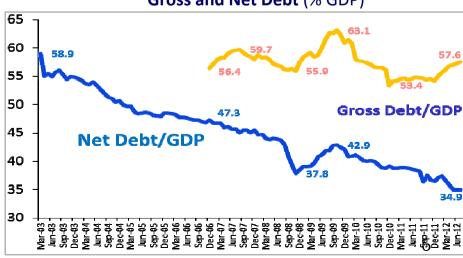


(\*) forecast by Brazil's Central Bank IPCA = Broad consumer price index





#### **Gross and Net Debt** (% GDP)

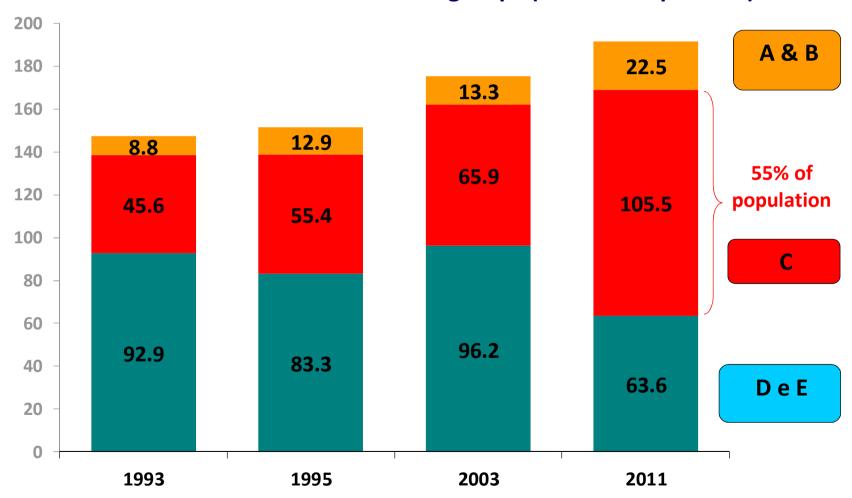


### **Income distribution**





## **BRAZIL** – Stratification of social groups (millions of persons)



Source: FGV 7

# **Investment plans and prospects**





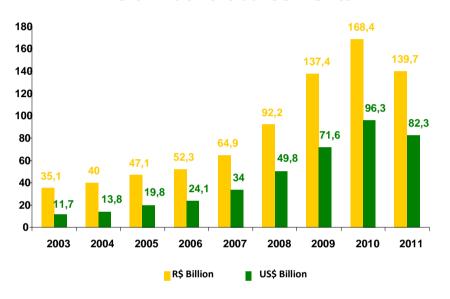
Sectors	US\$ billion		%	
	(A) 2008-2011	(B) 2013-2016	(B)/(A)	2013-16 annual growth
Industry (ex Oil & Gas)	135	132	-1,8	-0,4
Oil & Gas	133	202	52,6	8,8
Infrastructure	171	240	40,8	7,1
Electric Power	73	79	8,9	1,7
Telecom	41	51	24,8	4,5
Railroads	13	38	195,1	24,2
Roads	21	34	64,4	10,5
Sanitation	16	21	29,8	5,3
Ports	6	11	106,7	15,6
Airports	1	4	289,1	31,2
Housing	298	430	44,2	7,6
Total	603	802	33,0	5,9

8

# **BNDES** at a glance



#### **BNDES** annual disbursements



#### **2011 Financial performance**

- ROE: 23.1%

- Assets: US\$ 340 billion

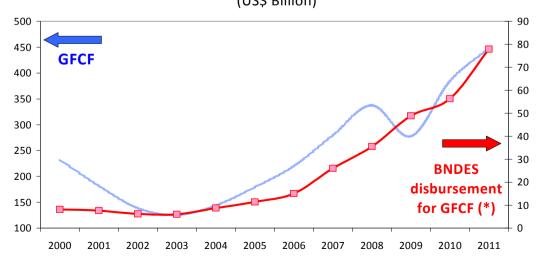
- Equity: US\$ 32.8 billion

#### **2011 Prudential behavior**

- Basel Index: 20.6%

- NPL/total loans: 0.14%

# Gross Fixed Capital Formation (GFCF) & BNDES disbursements (US\$ Billion)



# Policy framework: eye on the short and long terms BNDES

#### Short term cost cutting measures:

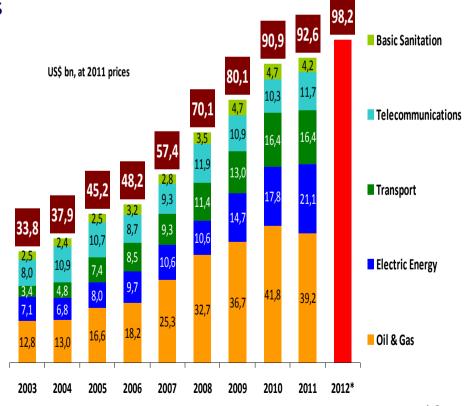
- Monetary easing of 500 basis points over the past 12 months
- TJLP reduction
- Tax cuts on indirect labor costs
- Low cost programs for capital goods acquisition
- Cut in energy costs

#### Long term investment driven

- PAC and Minha Casa Minha Vida
- PAC Equipments + PAC urban mobility
- Logistics: Highways, Railways, Harbors and Airports

2012. BNDES loans for infra: US\$ 32 billion

#### Yearly investments in infrastructure



# The map: demand driven, policy induced development



### The internal market agenda

↑ Mass consumption: serve the aspirations of emerging middle classes.

### The external markets agenda

Commodities for the inclusion of many

#### Infrastructures:

much needed resource and a source of demand

# The government has the capacity to adapt plans, regulations and financial modes to societal needs and aspirations

- Plans: tenacity for effective implementation
- Regulations: evolving to provide welfare and investment security
- Financing: BNDES there but private sector crowd in is a must!

# Challenges



- Institutions: kaizen
- Efficiency: at all levels
- Competences: of all
- Savings and long term financing
- ↑ Infrastructure: much more & better

**Unbalanced growth** 

# Societal management of tensions, arising from unbalanced growth will be decisive

# **Development prospects and challenges for Brazil**

### **III Brazil Infrastructure Investments Forum**



October 2012



João Carlos Ferraz Vice President